

# THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

NUMBER 508.]

SATURDAY, March 25, 1797.

[VOLUME XI

LEXINGTON:—Printed [on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS] by J. BRADFORD, on Main street: where Subscriptions, at Twenty-One Shillings Per Annum; Advertisements, Articles of Intelligence, Essays, &c. are thankfully received; and Printing in general executed in a neat and correct manner.

## CHEAP LANDS

The Subscriber's purpose selling the following Tracts, viz.

**49** FIVE hundred acres, part of that noted tract called Floyd's Woodcock tract, within eight miles of Lexington and seven from the Kentucky river; in the center of which is a never failing spring.

An undivided moiety of two thousand acres, both tracts situate on the waters of Bullitt's creek, within six miles of Shelbyville—it is well watered, and the main road from Louisville to Shelbyville runs through it. We will sell the above property VERY LOW, as we are in want of money, and will give a good and sufficient title.

ABRAHAM & JOHN W. HUNT.

### FOR SALE,

The following Tracts of LAND, the property of Capt. Thomas Bedford, (to-wit):

**44** 8000 Acres on the waters of Slate and Flat creeks, near the Iron Works, entered and patented in the name of William Davis.

1000 acres on the north fork of Licking, in Nelson county, half of Samuel Henry's 2000-acre survey. And

500 acres, Nelson county, on Asher's creek, in the name of John C. Robertson. These lands will be sold low for cash, or exchanged on advantageous terms for Military lands on Green river, or for good lands, conveniently situated in the Cumberland country. The purchaser will apply to the subscriber, living in Scott county.

WM. HENRY, Agent.

August 3, 1795.

FOR SALE, A BEAUTIFUL SITUATION OF

**46** First qualified Land.

CONTAINING three hundred and thirty acres, on main Elkhorn, four miles from the mouth thereof, where it empties into the Kentucky river, and six miles from Frankfort; the land is level and lies exceeding well for farming and meadow; there is thirty-five acres cleared and under good fence, several very good cabins, a good spring and a valuable mill site, likewise abundance of excellent timber of different kinds, and the range equal to any in the district—a good title will be given by the subscriber, living on the premises in Franklin county.

JOS. FENWICK.

July 22, 1795.

### PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENT

FOR MAN AND HORSE, On Main Street, next door to Doctor Downing's, by WILLIAM ALLEN.

### DOCTOR DUHAMEL,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has lately begun to practise Physic, at Millerburg and its neighborhood—and that he proposes to continue with zeal and attention, and on moderate terms.

Robert & Andrew Porter,

HAVE JUST IMPORTED FROM PHILADELPHIA, AND ARE NOW OPENING

In the Brick House lately occupied by Messrs. John & Samuel Torkelshaus, next door to Mr. Stewart's Printing Office,

A large and general Assortment of DRY GOODS, CHINA, GLASS, IRONMONGERY, DRESS and QUEENS SADDLERY, WARE, And NAILS of all sizes. STATIONARY.

Which they will sell at a low price for Cash or Country Produce suitable for the New Orleans Market.

Lexington, Feb. 18, 1797.

### JUST RECEIVED,

And now opening by

**9** Peter January, Junr.

At the Brick Store, directly opposite the Court House.

A NEAT, complete and well chosen Assortment of MERCHANDISE, perfectly adapted to the present and approaching season, which he offers for sale on very reduced terms.

Lexington, February 25.

### DANCING.

### R. DEVENPORT,

TAKEs this method of informing the inhabitants of Lexington and its environs, that he intends opening a SCHOOL at Mr. J. Bradford's, on Friday the 24th instant, where he intends to teach Dancing in all its branches, on the most improved plan. He will introduce a variety of Reels which have never been taught in schools. By his experience and attention, he hopes to merit the approbation of those who shall encourage his undertaking.

Lexington, March 15.

### TO BE RENTED,

In the Town of MILFORD, Madison Court House,

**36** A HOUSE and LOT, the most convenient and best in said Town for a Public House, with Stables &c. for one year, or a longer time. For terms apply to Benjamin Holladay, living near Milford.

SAMUEL ESTILL.

Nov. 7.

For Sale, Three hundred Acres of First Rate

**27** LAND,

LIVING on the north fork of Licking, in Bourbon county, with upwards of one hundred acres cleared and under good fence; with an apple and peach orchard; good dwelling house and barn; will either sell said land, or exchange it for land lying on the North West side of the Ohio, on the waters of Scioto, Ohio, or Brush creek. For further particulars apply to the owner, living on the premises.

HUGH EVANS.

**19** SOLD OFF.

THE subscriber having disposed of his goods by wholesale, requests those indebted to him, either by bond, note, or bank account, to make payment before the 15th of February next. Those who neglect may expect their accounts to be put into the hands of proper officers for collection.

He has several tracts of LAND, of 200 acres each, on the fourth side of Green river; which he will dispose of on low terms for cash—or he will receive in payment a Negro Woman of good character, who understands plain cooking, washing &c.

A complete assortment of CASTINGS of superior quality, will be kept at his old store house.

JAMES MORRISON.

Lexington, January 15. N. B. Wanted to purchase, continental bounty warrants, better known by the name of Knox's warrants. Those persons who were on the continental establishment, and served during the war with Britain, may here of something to their advantage, by applying to the subscriber.

J. M.

Wanted Immediately, A N HONEST, industrious OVERSEER, who understands the management of negroes. Also an APPRENTICE to the Tanning business.

LEWIS CASTLEMAN.

### Cash and Merchandise

WILL BE GIVEN FOR SOUND YOUNG HORSES.

**61** WORTH from twenty to sixty pounds each, by the subscribers, who will commence purchasing at their store in Lexington, on Monday the thirtieth instant (in being court day) and continue until the Friday following; and at James Edwards and Co's store in Danville, on Monday the twentieth, & continue until the Saturday following; after which they will return to Lexington, and continue purchasing until the fifteenth of April.

A. & J. W. HUNT.

March 6, 1797.

**6** A NEW STORE.

I HAVE just received into my care in the brick house, lately occupied by Mr. William Kelly in Bourbon, a large and general assortment of Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Groceries and Queen's Ware; which I am authorized to sell upon the lowest terms for Cash, well cleaned Hemp, Wheat, Rye, Tobacco, raw Hides, Furs, full proof Whiskey, Salt, Sugar, and good Flour in barrels; for which said articles of produce, a generous price will be given. I have also Iron and Nails left in my hands, to be sold for Cash. A few good Horses under seven years old, will be wanted.

AMOS EDWARDS.

Bourbon, March, 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on Clear creek, Woodford county, one brown mare, three years old, 14 and a half hands high, a flaxen forehead, no brand perceivable, valued at 15

MOSES CREMER.

December 13 1796.

### GEORGE ADAMS,

**64R** RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened a Tavern, in that commodious house on Main street the third door below Cross street; where those who please to favor him with their custom, shall meet with every possible attention.

### For Sale,

**48** SIX THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND, ENTERED for maj. John Mobley, Dec. and patented in the name of Linckley's Mobley, by act of said John Mobley, living on main Licking, being part of ten thousand acres, beginning at one hundred poles above the mouth of a creek that runs into main Licking on the north east side, about four miles below the fourth fork of Licking, and extending down Licking to its mouth. It is unnecessary to describe the land, as the purchaser will be disposed to make the necessary enquiries previous to his making any proposals. The title is supplied by those who have carefully examined it to be unimpeachable—upon paying part of the purchase money, a reasonable credit will be given for the balance.

James Brown, Atro. in fact

For Littleberry Mobley, junr.

Lexington, June 15, 1796.

N. B. I will also dispose of any other Lands in Kentucky claimed by said Mobley.

**49** ALL PERSONS NOTED to the late partnership of IRWIN & BRYSON, are requested to pay their accounts or notes to THOMAS IRWIN or JOHN A. SEXTON, who only can give discharge. One month's indulgence will be given.

### FOR SALE,

**4** THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND IN THIS STATE—

5000 acres on the waters of Rough creek, which empties into Green river.

4000 acres on Cumberland road, near Pottinger's station.

1000 acres in the big bend of Green river, ten miles above Barnett's station.

1600 acres near Severn's valley, on the waters of Salt river.

3000 acres in Shelby county, joining Leatherman's settlement.

400 acres on main Elkhorn, six miles from Frankfort, 45 acres cleared.

ALSO,

200 acres of an Illinois grant, opposite the Falls of Ohio.

And a large body of Land in the big bend of Tennessee river.

This will inform those who incline to purchase, that I have lately returned from exploring most of the above mentioned lands, particularly that on Tennessee—and find it to be a body of soil, timber, water and range, superior to any I have ever seen. The above mentioned tract on Elkhorn, will be either sold or rented.—For terms apply to the subscriber in Lexington.

BENJ. S. COX.

Feb. 2.

ALL those indebted to the subscriber either by bond, note or book accounts, are requested to come forward and settle them before the middle of March, as he can give no longer indulgence.

All those indebted to Lewis Well, are requested to make payment to me, as I am authorized to collect his accounts, and deliver the different watches left in my hands by him.

EDW. WEST.

Lexington, Feb. 15, 1797.

### Take Notice.

**7** WHEREAS I am informed a certain Mr. George Adams, hater of the town of Lexington, has taken his hat to the different court houses in this state, and told them as my manufacturing—therefore this is to notify the public, that I intend hereafter to put my name in each of my hats to prevent the character of my shop being injured by any such person. As I intend moving shortly to Georgetown, the ticket that will be in each hat will certify that they were made in that place.

JOHN LOWREY.

THE subscriber has four thousand acres of LAND in the officers' boundary, north-west of the Ohio, situated for his own service, two of which lies within three quarters of a mile of the Ohio, on Straight creek, emptying into the river opposite Mr. Lewis Craig's, and adjoining the lands of Stephen Southall, James Ponce, David Walker and William Vance, of an early date, said to be valuable; one thousand of which will sell in moderate terms, one moiety paid down, the other a reasonable credit given for. Any person desirous of purchasing may know the terms on application to the subscriber, who resides near Lexington.

WALKER BAYLOR.

December 1, 1795.

### FOR SALE,

**43** SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND,

SITUATED in the counties of Franklin, Clarke, Bourbon, Mason, Madison, Lincoln, Hardin and Greene. The taxes shall be paid, and other incumbrances discharged at the time, and in the manner prescribed by law.

The subscriber, who will hereafter reside in this town, is authorized to dispose of the above mentioned property by a power of attorney, recorded in the office of the court of appeals. As he means to practice law in the adjacent courts, persons desiring to purchase the different tracts, will have an opportunity of contracting with him at any of those places.

Charles W. Bird.

**5** G. TROTTER and SCOTT,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

AND NOW FOR SALE,

At their Store directly opposite the market house, a large and neat

ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE, Well suited to all seasons, which they will sell on the most reduced terms, for CASH.

Twenty Dollars reward.

**4** I WILL give the above reward for a Horse that strayed from one of the town lots of Lexington some time in July last, of the following description, viz. A bright bay, about fourteen hands high, eight or nine years old, very lengthy, fine very remarkable white spots on his breast, neck and back, branded with D on the near buttock. At the time for hanging the horse to the public strays-pen has elapsed, if he hoped the person who has him in custody, will deliver him to me. Trotter & Scott, Lexington, or to the subscriber near Frankfort.

JOHN JAMISON.

Franklin county, March 12, 1797.



**2** RUN away from the subscriber the 13th instant, a likely young negro man by the name of TOM, of rather a black complexion, about five feet ten inches high, a little knock-kneed, but thick and well made for strength. He was scalded when young and the scar is very plain yet on his back and side; he has a down look when spoken to; he had on when he went away a white linsey short coat and leather breeches, with old shoes; he took with him a rifle gun, double triggered that runs about 100 balls to the pound, well finished, with R. Bohannon on the box; also an Otter skin shoe pouch and powder horn, with a tin charger fastened to the strap; he is of a cowardly disposition and may be easily taken. I rather suppose he will make his way for the north west side of the Ohio, where he will endeavor to pass for a free man; or perhaps he may attempt to go through the wilderness to Virginia, any person taking up said negro and delivering him to me, or securing him in any public jail, so that he may be brought to justice, shall receive a generous reward and all reasonable charges.

GEO. CALDWELL.

Fayette, March 15, 1797.

Blank Deeds for Sale.



MR. BRADFORD:

THE public have been amused, perhaps instructed, by the deliberations of CAMILLUS, concerning the nature and effect of Fines; and his attempt to show that they may be applied to the quieting of the titles to land in Kentucky.

The motives and intention of the author shall not be questioned by me, and I am willing to attribute his labors to patriotic zeal and pure philanthropy. I take up the pen with no other view than to give Camillus a few hints, and to refer him to a few authorities, which perhaps may convince him that he is mistaken in the fundamental principles of the doctrine he advances, and that his flattering hopes with respect to quieting his titles to land, never can be realized.

It may be necessary to observe that the titles to land in Kentucky are in a situation altogether different from what they are in England. These disputes about the original appropriation of land are long since buried in oblivion; and all titles firmly established, either by occupancy or otherwise, in some individual, long previous to the existence of any records, or history of judicial proceedings respecting them that have come down to us. Those claims then that fines & common recoveries were made use of most generally to bar, originated from some common ancestor, from whom the parties deduced their rights; or were certain portions of the same estate of inheritance held in possession, remainder or reversion. But if this doctrine is applied in Kentucky and has the force and effect that Camillus wishes, legal and equitable claims derived from record agreeable to law, may be barred by a fine levied by a man who has fraudulently entered, surveyed, and procured a patent for land to which he has no pretensions, founded on the laws of our country; so that if a fine could be levied in this country with effect, it would more generally be applied with a fraudulent intention to bar legal rights by the owner of a bad claim, than to quiet good titles. The injurious consequences of the measure are therefore apparent; the advantages at least problematical. The holder of a good right can be under no necessity of levying a fine; if he apprehends disputes let him perpetuate his testimony, which is at least as easy and cheap a mode of proceeding, and will as effectually secure his title.

But to prove that a fine cannot be levied in this country, to answer the purposes of Camillus, I will only refer him to the saving clause in the 4th of Henry 7, chap. 22, which is in the following words:

"Saving to every person, not parties nor privies to the said fine, their exception to avoid the said fine by reason that those who were parties had nothing in the lands comprized in said fine," and some adjudications upon it in the books. By these it will appear that no estate in possession, reversion or remainder, that is not divested and put to a right, can be barred by a fine;—and for this plain reason that a person not a party, or privy to the fine, who has all the estate or interest in him at the time of levying the fine that he acquired by his entry survey and patent, and has not been divested of any portion of it, cannot be put to his action, entry or claim being already in the eye of the law possessed of all the estate and interest that his action, entry or claim could give him.\* Hence it is laid down to be law that a fine may be avoided by the plea that neither of the parties had anything at the time of levying the fine in the estate they meant to bar by it.

If then Camillus should convey by fine any particular tract of land by virtue of a distinct and particular claim from that which I have in the land, it will be an easy matter for me to avoid his fine, by showing that his claim and mine originated from different entries and are distinct claims; that I never was divested by him of any part of my interest derived from my entry, &c. it being still vested in me, and that therefore his fine as to me was void; altho it might bar all parties, privies and strangers so far as they or either of them had any claim, right or interest in the estate that he derived from his patent. For you find that where strangers enter into land & levy a fine that it is altogether void—should therefore Camillus en-

ter into my land (no matter under what pretence or claims of his own) as to my estate or title he is a stranger, and will be so considered in the eye of the law, and any fine levied by him as to me will be void. It is necessary that the person that levies a fine that will bar any claim, should possess a portion of my claim or interest, otherwise as to me he is a stranger, and his fine will not avail. It is a maxim in law, that a man cannot grant that which he hath not, nor more than he hath.

This I take to be the proper distinction and the true reason why lawyers never supposed that a fine could be levied with the effect which Camillus supposes in Kentucky—and altho he may claim the credit of discovering certain axioms in the law—plunge himself on his sagacity and penetration in making the discovery, and feel on his vanity flattered with the idea of having extricated himself from the common trammels of attorneys, in as much as he has deviated from the beaten track; yet unfortunately for him so far as he has left the track, so far, I am afraid, he has involved himself in error, and in a scheme, which if practicable, would open a door for great fraud and injustice. I would not be understood to attribute any such design to the author. No, Mr. Bradford, from the apparent candor and professions of the author, which no doubt are sincere, the purity of his intention cannot be doubted. Yet evils will, and frequently do, flow from measures that are at the time of their adoption altogether unforseen. Great advantages would result from Camillus's plan of quieting titles to lawyers. Law suits would multiply apace. It would ripen a plentiful harvest for them. Very little sagacity is necessary to discover this effect of the measure, and perhaps this view of the subject may have served to whet the penetration, and heighten the ideas of Camillus when writing his lucubrations,—all disputes would thus come in play in a little time. Many fines themselves would be set aside on the footing of fraud. Many would be levied with a fraudulent design to secure if possible a defective claim against a good one, and no doubt would be liable to be set aside on the ground of fraud in the same manner as the other fraudulent transactions.

I shall not trouble you or the public again on the subject. If my ideas are right, then Camillus's plan is impracticable, at least can never answer any purpose—at any rate the honest attempts of a citizen to devise a plan to quiet titles to land in this country, deserves the attention, and the author merits the thanks of his fellow citizens; although his labour should fail and his scheme prove visionary.

AMICO CAMILLUS,  
January 13, 1797.  
NOTE.

+ See 3 Rep. 80.

In the Senate of the United States, February 15, 1797.

On request, the Vice President of the United States being excused from farther attendance in Senate during the session, addressed them as follows: Gentlemen of the Senate,

If in the general apprehension of an intention to retire in that most eminent citizen, to whom all eyes had been directed and all hearts attracted, as the centre of our union for so long a period; the public opinion had exhibited any clear indications of another, in whom our fellow citizens could have generally united; as soon as I read that excellent address which announced the necessity of deliberation in the choice of a President, I should have imitated the example of a character, with which I had co-operated, though in less conspicuous and important stations, and maintained an uninterrupted friendship for two and twenty years; but as a number of characters appeared to stand in the general estimation so nearly on a level, as to render it difficult to conjecture on which the majority would fall: considering the relation in which I stood to the people of America, I thought it most respectful to them, and most conducive to the tranquility of the public mind to resign myself with others, a silent spectator of the general deliberation and a passive subject of public discussion.

Deeply penetrated with gratitude to my countrymen in general for their long continued kindness to me, and for that steady and assiduous confidence, with which those who have most inti-

mately known me, from early life, have on so many great occasions, entrusted me, the care of their dearest interests; since a majority of their electors, though a very small one, have declared in my favour, and since in a republican government, the majority though ever so small must of necessity decide, I have determined at every hazard of a high but just responsibility, though with much anxiety and diffidence, once more to engage in their service. Their confidence which has been the chief consolation of my life, is too precious and sacred a deposit ever to be considered lightly. As it has been founded only on the qualities of the heart, it never has been, it never can be, deceived, betrayed, or diffused by me.

It is with reluctance, and with all those emotions of gratitude and affection, which a long experience of your goodness ought to inspire, that I now retire from my seat in this house, and take my leave of the members of the Senate.

I ought not to declare, for the last time, your adjournment, before I have presented to every Senator present, and to every Senator of the United States, my thanks, for the candor and favour invariably received from them all. It is a recollection, of which nothing can ever deprive me, and it will be a source of comfort to me, through the remainder of my life, that, as on the one hand in the government consulted like ours, I have for eight years held the second situation under the constitution of the United States in perfect & uninterrupted harmony with the first, without envy, in one, or jealousy in the other, so on the other hand I have never had the smallest misunderstanding with any member of the Senate. In all the arduous questions, difficult conjectures, dangerous emergencies, and animated debates upon the great interest of our country, which have so often so deeply impressed all our minds, and I have experienced a uniform politeness and respect from every quarter of the house. When questions of no less importance than difficulty, have produced a difference of sentiment & differences of opinion will always be found in free assemblies of men, and probably the greatest diversities upon the greatest questions) when the Senators have been equally divided, and my opinion has been demanded according to the constitution I have constantly found on that moiety of the Senators, from whose judgment I have been obliged to dissent a disposition to allow me the same freedom of deliberation and independence of judgment which they asserted for themselves.

Within these walls, for a course of years, I have been an admiring witness of a succession of information, eloquence, patriotism and independence which, as they would have done honor to any Senate in any age, afford a consolatory hope (if the legislatures of the States are equally careful in their future selections, which there is no reason to distrust) that no council more permanent than this as a branch of the legislature will be necessary, to defend the rights, liberties and properties of the people, and to protect the constitution of the United States as well as the constitutions and rights of the individual States, against errors of judgment, irregularities of the passions, or other encroachments of human infirmity or more reprehensible enterprise, in the executive on one hand or the more immediate representatives of the people on the other.

These considerations will all conspire to animate me in my future course with a confident reliance, that as far as my conduct shall be uniform, measured by the constitution of the United States and faithfully directed to the public good, I shall be supported by the Senate, as well as by the house of representatives and the people at large; and on no other conditions ought any support at all to be expected or desired.

With cordial wishes for your honor, health and happiness, and fervent prayers for a continuation of the virtues, liberties, prosperity and peace of our beloved country, I avail myself of your leave of absence for the remainder of the session.

The answer to the Address of the Vice-president of the United States on his retiring from the Senate was on Tuesday agreed to as follows.

SIR,  
The Senate of the United States would be unjust to their own feelings

and deficient in the performance of a duty their relation to the government of their country imposes, would they fail to express their regard for your person, and their respect for your character, in answer to the address you presented to them, on your leaving a station which you have so long and so honorably filled as their president.

The motive you have been pleased to disclose which induced you not to withdraw from the public service, at a time when your experience, talents and virtues were peculiarly desirable, are as honorable for yourself, as from our confidence in you, Sir, we trust the result will be beneficial to our beloved country.

When you retired from your dignified seat in this house, and took your leave of the members of the Senate, we felt all those emotions of gratitude and affection, which our knowledge and experience of your abilities and undeviating impartiality ought to inspire; and we should with painful reluctance endure the separation, but for the consoling reflection, that the same qualities which have rendered you useful, as the president of this branch of the legislature, will enable you to be still more so, in the exalted station to which you have been called.

From you, Sir, in whom your country have for a long period placed a steady confidence which has never been betrayed or forfeited, & to whom they have on so many occasions entrusted the care of their dearest interests, which have never been abused.—From you who holding the second situation under the constitution of the United States, have lived in uninterrupted harmony with him who has held the first.

From you we receive with much satisfaction, the declaration which you are pleased to make of the opinion you entertain of the characters of the present Senators and of that of those citizens who have been heretofore Senators. This declaration, were other motives wanting, would afford them an incentive to a virtuous perseverance in that line of conduct which has been honored with your approbation.

In your future course, we entertain no doubt, that your official conduct, will be measured by the constitution, and directed to the public good, you have therefore a right to entertain a confident reliance, that you will be supported, as well by the people as large as by their constituted authorities.

We cordially reciprocate the wishes which you express for our honor, health and happiness, we join with yours, our fervent prayers for the continuation of the virtues and liberties of our fellow citizens: for the public prosperity and peace; and for you we implore the best reward for virtuous deeds, the grateful approbation of your constituents, and the smiles of Heaven.

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Mrs. Wall's School

FOR the education of little Misses in reading and needle work, will commence on the first Monday in April next.  
Lexington, March 22, 1797.

NOTICE.

THE partnership between Peter January, Thomas January and Peter January, jun. trading under the firm of

PETER JANUARY, JUN. & Co. was dissolved, by mutual consent, the first of June last, and the books and papers thereof placed in the hands of Thomas January, for adjustment. The subscriber therefore now expressly requests such persons as are indebted to the said co-partnership, to make immediate payment of their respective balances, in order that he may be enabled to discharge the debts due by the said firm.

THOS. JANUARY.

March 20, 1797.

ALL persons indebted to the late William A. Tandy, are hereby called on for payment; and those having any claims, are desired to exhibit them without delay, properly authenticated, to the  
EXECUTORS.  
Fayette, March 21, 1797.

For sale,

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND.  
ONE tract lying in the county of Campbell, on the waters of Locust creek, containing 2609 acres. One tract, lying on Long Lick creek, a branch of Rough creek, Madison county, about seven miles from Harbin settlement, containing 2500 acres.

The above lands will be disposed of on moderate terms, one half of the purchase money to be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve months will be given; the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Capt. Robt. Graddock in Danville, or  
JOHN W. HOLT, attorney at law  
for THOS. HOLT.



# LEXINGTON:

Saturday, March 25, 1797.

An unhappy affair took place on Saturday evening last, in Lincoln county, near the court house—two neighbors, one by the name of Cutton, the other Hackney, had some difference about a small sum of money owing from one to the other: Hackney picked up a sharp pointed shoe knife and stabbed Cutton in the breast, who died in a few seconds. Hackney was taken up and committed to jail, ironed and strictly guarded.

On Tuesday night last the Indians killed a man at Collins's, on the Williams road. There were but two men at Collins's, one a brother of Capt. Collins, the other, a man hired by Collins to clear land. Collins being at a house about a mile from home; on his return, when he had got within a few steps of the house, he saw the Indians (two in number) cook their guns, but supposed it to be the hired man, intending to frighten him; the Indians immediately fired, but he still supposing it to be the hired man, rushed up and threw the tail of his great coat into their faces; by this time he discovered them to be Indians, he sprang into the house and fastened the door. The Indians immediately tell to work with their tomahawks and soon cut down the door, on which Collins ran out between the two Indians, he received a stroke on one shoulder with a tomahawk which, however did him no injury, but after a close chase of about two hundred yards, made his escape by taking to the woods, where he lay all night and returned next morning to the house from whence he came the over night, where he got four men, (two of whom were travellers) and returned home, where they found the hired man killed, and mangled in a most horrid manner, and their guns carried off.

Extract of a letter from a member of Congress, to a gentleman in this town, dated Philadelphia February 12th. 1797.

"I am sorry it is not in my power to hand you some pleasing news from this place. Our unfortunate dispute with the French Republic still continues, and unless our new executive pursues a different plan from the present, I fear we shall be at war with that nation;—which GOD forbid!—They have begun to seize our vessels, if bound to or from British Ports in the West-Indies, which in all probability will destroy that trade. West-India produce is rising and ours falling, which are serious matters,—and indeed our whole commerce seems puffed,—Merchants stopping payment, &c.—There are the blessed effects of Jay's treaty.

"Upwards of 50 of our unhappy countrymen arrived here last week from Algiers, all that survived the plague have been liberated, but we have no reason to calculate on a durable peace with that perfidious nation.

"Great part of the present tension has been a struggle for increasing the salaries to officers of government, but as yet, we keep them in statu quo.

"A plan for laying a direct tax on lands and slaves has been under consideration, but its passage is doubtful."

"At a meeting of the Trustees of this town, it was agreed, that an Election for a Trustee be held at the Court-house on Saturday the first day of April next, in the room of James Hughes who has resigned."

Lexington March 24, 1797.

## LAST NOTICE.

The partnership of M'Coun & Castleman has been since time dissolved, by mutual consent, which was made known by a former advertisement. All persons indebted to them, are earnestly requested to make payment of their respective accounts to James M'Coun, before the 10th of April next. Those who do not avail themselves of this notice, may depend on having their accounts put into the hands of proper officers for collection, and no further indulgence can be given.

JAMES MCCOUN,  
JOHN CASTLEMAN.

March 22.

## Wanted Immediately,

In a store in Lexington, a Boy of about 14 or 15 years of age; one that can come well recommended for his sobriety, activity and good nature, will be taken, and no other need apply. Enquire of the Printer thereof.  
Lexington, March 21.

This is to give notice to all who are my creditors, That Christopher Kifer, deceased, gave me a mortgage on all his property, and a power of attorney for me to act in his absence in the year 1786. The said Kifer was largely in debt, and I paid several judgments that were commenced against him there is a judgment now obtained against him and me by Samuel Simpson, for the sum of 42-1/2. The executor for the said Christopher Kifer deceased, refuses a settlement with me, which, if I cannot obtain by the first of May next, I shall take such necessary steps as the law directs.

MICHAEL COOKINDORFER.

ALL persons concerned will please to take notice, that on the 18th of April next, I shall attend with commissioners, in Campbell county, at a Sycamore tree, marked IL, standing in a wood, about ten miles east from the Big Bone lick; in order to take the depositions of sundry witnesses to establish the said Sycamore tree, as the beginning of my entry of seven thousand acres.

B. NETHERLAND.

Taken up by the subscriber, on Upper Howard's creek, Clarke county, an bay horse, four years old, fourteen hands and a half high, branded on the near shoulder, O, a natural pacer, lighter in the face than elsewhere, appraised to 151 10s.

David Wier.

May 4, 1796.

## HENRY COONES, COPPERSMITH.

INFORMS his friends, and the public in general, that he carries on the above business in all its various branches; eight miles east from Lexington and about a quarter of a mile from the road to Strode's station, near Mr. Kifer's tavern; where he intends to work on the usual terms and in the best manner.

It having been supposed by some, that he is the same person who worked in Lexington of the name of Coons; he wishes to inform them that he is not the same, and in order to acquaint them to know the difference, they need only examine the quality and prices of work.

## NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from taking an assignment of two bonds executed by me to William Davis of Woodford county, the one for the sum of one hundred pounds, payable in July last; the other for one hundred and forty-one pounds, some odd shillings, payable in September last. Also one bond given by me to William Hamilton of the said county, for two hundred and fifty-two pounds, three odd shillings, payable in September next; as the said bonds were obtained from me by misrepresentation and fraudulent suggestions, and for which I have commenced a suit in the Franklin District Court, to dissolve the contract, on account of fraud and misrepresentation.

JOHN GREENLEE.

March 24, 1797.

## NOTICE.

I hereby given, that I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the court of Shelby, under an act entitled an act to alter the boundaries of land and for other purposes the 22d day of April next, at a tree called for in Joseph Haul's entry of 6445 acres, T. W. on the waters of Drennon lick creek, about 4 or 8 miles North easterly from the painted stone, to begin at a black oak of a ridge, extending North-west 984 poles, thence North-east thence South-east, thence to the beginning, to as to include 6045 acres of said land, exclusive of all prior entries; and then to take to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses tending to establish the call of said location, and do such other acts as are necessary to establish said claim.

JOSEPH HELM.

March 22d, 1797.

## FOR SALE,

The tract of LAND on which I now live, lying about two miles from Lexington, near the Georgetown road, containing two hundred acres; it is well watered and timbered—the title indisputable. For terms apply to the subscriber who now resides on the premises.

FRANCIS DILL.

March 24.

## For sale,

A public auction, at twelve o'clock, on Wednesday the 29th instant, the HOUSE adjacent to the lands of Mr. John Maxwell, lately sold as a place of worship, and known by the name of Mount Zion meeting house. The terms will be made known at the time of sale, by

WILLIAM GIBSON, and ELIJAH POAGE.

N. B. The house to be taken away by the purchaser.

## TAKE NOTICE.

MR. William Gibson and Elijah Poage has offered for sale the meeting house formerly occupied by Mr. A. Rankin, better known by the name of Mount Zion. The house stands on my premises.—I therefore forewarn all persons from purchasing said house or any part thereof, as I am determined to prosecute them as the law directs.

J. MAXWELL.

March 24, 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Woodford county, a bay horse, 4-1/2 hands high, 6 years old, with two saddle spots on each side, some white hairs in his forehead appraised to 151.

EDWARD ARBET.

January 24th, 1797.

TAKEN up by the subscriber Lincoln county one bay mare 6 years old, 14 hands 2-1/2 high, 2 white feet, some white hairs in her forehead, no brand perceivable, the said mare had a full filling bell on, and brought out of the wilderness appraised to 151. 6s.

ANTHONY OWSLEY.

August 10 1796.

## ISRAEL HUNT,

SHOE MANUFACTURER.

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has commenced business in all its various branches, on Cross street, 4 doors from Main street; he flatters himself from his experience and attention, to be able to do all the work that is put into his hands in the best manner. He has furnished himself with a few excellent workmen together with some of the best materials that can be produced.

Lexington, October 1, 1796.

## NOTICE.

WHEREAS, on the 24th of June 1780, John Fitzgerald entered one thousand acres of land on the South of the North fork of Licking, at the mouth of Mill creek, on the lower side, to include his improvement—and, whereas, the proof of said improvement depend on the oath of persons now alive—this is therefore to notify all whom it may concern, that I shall on the twentieth day of April next, if fair, if not the next fair day, proceed with commissioners appointed by the court of Mason county, and sundry witnesses to perpetuate the spot where the said improvement stood, and do such other things on the premises as may be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

Peter Fitzgerald.

March 15, 1797.

## Notice.

That commissioners appointed by the court of Mason county, will meet on Tuesday the fourth day of April next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the Round spring, called for in an entry of four hundred acres of land, made for John Barbey the seventeenth of May 1780, to take the depositions of witnesses in order to perpetuate their testimony to support said entry, and do such other act as may be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

JOHN BARBEE.

March 15, 1797.

## MISSING,

WHEREAS, John Burns of Frankfort, has obtained by way of deception, two obligations of mine, one of them is for the sum of thirty pounds to be paid in Whitley, the other for the sum of about fifteen pounds in Cash payable in April next—I hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment on either of said obligations, as I am determined not to pay it until compelled by law, as I think myself much imposed on.

GEORGE ROWLAND.

March 13, 1797.

## MISSING,

GRATE of QUEENS WARE, containing blue edged plates and dishes, coffee pots, tea pots, coffee cups and saucers, ten cups and saucers, bowls &c. It was landed out of the horse boat, and stored with Mr. Taylor, at Lexington. Any information respecting it will be thankfully received by

WILLIAM WEST.

N. B. The bowls and tea cups were assorted colours.

## Taken up by the subscriber,

one bay Mare, twelve years old, thirteen hands high, no brand perceivable, appraised to 31.

Also one sorrel Horse, seven years old, fourteen hands three inches high, with a small star in his forehead no brand perceivable, appraised to 161.

Also one bay Mare, five years old, fourteen hands three inches high, with a small star in his forehead no brand perceivable, appraised to 161.

The above trays were brought out of the wilderness, January 12, 1797.

WILLIAM OWSLEY.

## FLAG OF TRUCE,

A BEAUTIFUL DAFFLE GRAY, four years old, fifteen hands and an inch high, will stand the coldest season at my house on Cane run, Scott county, three miles from Georgetown, and will cover mares at Two Dollars the Leap, Four Dollars the Season, or Eight Dollars for Insurance.

Also a Truss was got by old Tippecanoe, out of my noted gray mare Clarissa; Clarissa's blood and form is unexceptionable.

A. BUFORD.

## THREE DOLLARS REWARD.

LOST in Lexington, at February court, two books of accounts kept for the Livery stable in said town. Whoever delivers said books to Col. Trotter in Lexington, or the subscriber shall receive the above reward.

JOHN KENNEDY.

March 14.

[By order of the Trustees.]  
Extract from an act for the better regulation of the town of Lexington, and for other purposes. [Sec. 1796.]  
Be it enacted that from and after the first day of March next, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons residing within the bounds of the town of Lexington, to suffer the same to go at large within the said bounds—and if any such wine shall be found running, or going at large within the same, it shall be lawful for the said trustees, or any person appointed by them, to take up and sell such wine, to running at large. And the said trustees shall appropriate the proceeds of such sales, to repairing the streets and highways of said town. Provided always, that the provisions in this act contained, shall not extend to persons driving wine from one plantation to another, through the said town, and bounds thereof, or in order to sell the same. And if any wine, not the property of an inhabitant of said town, shall be taken up and sold by virtue of this act, the said trustees, upon proof thereof being made, shall pay to the owner of said wine, the price for which the same was sold.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Bourbon county, about 5 miles from Paris, near Martin's tavern, on the road leading to Limestone, a black negro woman named LEST, well made, a very artful sensible woman, has lost some of her toes, was with child when she went away, supposed to have it about Christmas, is expected she has got a pair and will attempt to pass for a free woman, as it is supposed she was persuaded away by some of her acquaintances near Lexington. Whoever takes up said negro and secures her so that I get her, shall receive Twenty Dollars reward and all reasonable charges by me.

QUINTIN MOORE.

N. B. All persons are forewarned from harboring said negro, as they will be prosecuted with the utmost rigor of the law.

O. M.

Oct. 15, 1795.



To be sold for Cash,

At public sale, on Saturday the 25th instant, at Mr. Imitt B. Erwin's tavern,

THE STONE HOUSE.

Formerly the property of the late firm of Irwin and Bryson, and now occupied by Messrs. Samuel Price & Co.—By order of the assignees.

JOHN A. SELLTZ.

March 13, 1797.

## I WILL attend on the thirtieth day

of this month, if fair, if not next fair day, with commissioners appointed by the county court of Shelby, under an act entitled an act to alter the boundaries of land, and for other purposes, at the tree called for in George Haul's entry of 7000 acres made 4th of May 1780 on part of a treasury warrant No. 4210, between Clear creek and Gilt's fork, about 4 miles S. E. of the painted stone, to include Squire Boone's name cut on a tree at a spring on the forks of the branch that makes into the creek, then and there to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses tending to establish the calls of said locations, and do such other acts as may be necessary to establish said claim.

THOMAS CARNEAL.

March 7, 1797.

## Ten Dollars reward.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's stable in Lexington; early last evening, a bright bay HORSE, five years old, fourteen and a half hands high, branded JC or JG I am not certain which; some faded spots, I do not recollect any other other mark; paces and trots, if led up to a log or stump will jump it if within his reach; he was purchased last week of a Mr. Gilt of Franklin county. The above reward will be given for the thief if brought to justice, or five dollars for the horse on his being delivered to

B. N. STOUT.

March 14, 1797.

## Six Dollars Reward.

LOST from the plantation of Mr. Leonard A. Perry, near Bryson's station, a black HORSE, four years old, fifteen hands high, steady, is under my Obedience on his near hind foot, and a fair white eye.

G. PENDLE GRASS.

Lexington.





## SACRED TO THE MUSES.

### THE MAID'S ENIGMA.

SOME merry girls, one night 'tis said,  
When the old folks were gone to bed:  
Amblined round the fire;  
They wished to laugh an' merrily;  
Their chat was harmless as 'twas gay;  
What more can you desire?

Enigma, riddler, tales, went round;  
The knotty point, or guess profound,  
By turns their minds puzzled'd;  
When Sue defies them to unfold  
A riddle, which she had been told,  
No maid had ever guess'd.

"What's that which tickles us and men,  
"And oft, when done, begins again?"  
"A drug, they say, befrieth it;  
"But soon, says Sue, the pleasure's past,  
"And tickling more than twice, at last  
"A slight convulsion ends it."

Some bit their lips, some wink'd their eyes  
All giggled—and they knew not why—  
The joke somehow had pleas'd  
When Kate, let's wicked than the rest,  
Thinking to hit upon the jest,  
Discovered it—and sneez'd.

### ANECDOTE.

A gentleman having lent a guinea for two or three days to a person who promises he had not much faith in, was very much surprised to find that the same gentleman being some time after detected of borrowing a larger sum, no, said the other, you have deceived me once, and I am resolved you shall not do it a second time.

### THAT BEAUTIFUL HORSE CALLED Nebuchadnezzar.

A Full half Dray, will stand at my stable, at the sign of the Indian King, on main street, Lexington; is a beautiful black, mixed with a little gray, four years old, about sixteen hands one inch high; his father was a full Dray of the largest size (who was imported by General Williams, Baltimore) his dam a full blooded imported English mare.

Nebuchadnezzar will stand at five dollars the season, payable in merchantable produce, delivered in Lexington. Any gentleman who may choose to feed mares any distance, may have pasturage at three shillings per week during the season, but I will not be liable for escapes or accidents.

G. ADAMS.  
March 1, 1797.

### FRESH GOODS.

Just received and now opened, by  
**JAMES TROTTER,**  
At his Store in Lexington,  
A large and general assortment of  
Merchandise,  
Which will be sold on the lowest terms for Cash and Country made Linen and Sugar.

### FOR SALE,

400 Acres of Military Land,  
LYING in the county of Clarke, about twelve miles from Lexington on the main road leading from thence to Clarke court house, adjoining the land of Hubbard Taylor.—This land lies well, is all of the first quality, and of indisputable title—a deed of general warranty will be given. Any person inclined to see it will be gratified by Mr. Taylor. The terms may be known by applying to Mr. Joseph Colby in Lexington or to Capt. Richard Terrell on Beargrass.

March 9, 1797.

THIS is to inform the public, that a survey made upon a Military warrant, in the month of March 1796, upon the North fork of Goose creek, and the South branch of Harrods creek, containing five hundred acres, joining the lands of Abraham Hite, is sold to us, and conveyed by deed, in consequence of a patent issued by the State of Virginia, to the said John Cook, and as the said land, it would be largely improved, we hereby require all persons having any claim to the said land, to make these known, that we may not be injured in improving the same.

SAMUEL TEARL.

March 9, 1797.

The Fayette Troop of Light-Horse, are required to meet on their usual parade, on Monday the 27th inst, with their Troop, which they can be supplied with, at the store of Seitz & Linnam.

By order of the Captain.

Blank Subpoenas for Quarter Sessions Court clerks.

NOTICE, to those whom it may concern—That whereas I have purchased of Richard Chinnoweth of Jefferson county, an arbitration bond on Col. Wm. Fleming of Virginia, and have given him in exchange, my due bill for fifty-six pounds in merchandise; but there is a deception in the bond, this is to forewarn any person from trading for or taking an assignment on the said due bill, as I am determined not to discharge it, until I hear to the contrary.

JOHN CLAY.

### PANTALON.

THE celebrated Foal getter, now in high perfection, eight years old, fifteen hands three inches high, will stand at my stable, in Fayette county, five miles from Lexington, near Maj. Morrison's on Hickman, to cover mares at Two Dollars the single leap, Four Dollars the season, or Five Dollars in produce: Nine Dollars for insurance.

9/ paid P. Le Grand.

PANTALON is a dapple gray, was begotten by Pantaloon, who was imported by Alexander Donald Esq. the dam of Young Pantaloon was begotten by Don Carlos, out of a mare belonging to Wm. Fitzhugh of Chatham, whose fire was old Fear-nought, her dam Mr. Carter Braxton's well known mare Kitty Fisher; Don Carlos's fire was the noted imported horse Figure; his dam, I have been well informed, was Dr. Hamilton's running mare Primrose.

The original of the above pedigree I have from under the hand of Rev. J. Randolph, late governor of Virginia.

### 54 AND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS several tracts of Land in different parts of Kentucky, for sale, which he will dispose of reasonably.

JOHN CLAY.  
Lexington, 14 August, 1796.

### Wanted to Hire.

A number of able bodied men to manage boats to New-Orleans;

To whom generous wages will be given. Enquire at the store of Sam. Price & Co. or R. Elliot & Co.

Just Arrived at Limestone,

And will be opened in the course of the ensuing week, at the subscriber's store in Lexington, a large and general assortment of

### 11 MERCHANDISE,

Suited to the present and approaching season;

Which will be sold, wholesale or retail, on the lowest terms for cash, or the following articles of produce: flour, kiln-dried indian meal, hemp, wheat, rye, corn, barley, oats, bacon, butter in firkins, tallow, whiskey, peach brandy, feathers, beefswan, cream made sugar and linen, or any other articles of produce that can be made to answer the Orleans market.

SAM. PRICE, & Co.

Feb. 18, 1797.

### TUITION.

A PERSON qualified for teaching the English Language, grammatically, and the Mathematics scientifically, is desirous of opening School in some respectable neighbourhood—also of renting a few acres of arable land, in or contiguous to said vicinity. He has devoted the thirteen last years of his life to the tuition of the Virginia youth, and his mode of instruction has been acknowledged by many eminent men in that State to be superior to any they have been acquainted with. His pupils are known to speak and write with ease, strength and dignity, and to know more of the English language than some of their acquaintance (of equal age and parts) who spent a longer time at some of the principal seminaries in the State.

Application to the Printer will be quickly attended to: or the Author may be spoke with any day of the week at Higgs's tavern.

++ The rudiments of the Latin if urgently desired will also be taught.

### TO RELET

FOR the term of three years, the Plantation I formerly lived on, situate in the county of Mercer and on Chaplain's fork (between widow Harbison's and Thomas Harbison's) on leading from the Knob lick to Birdstown—near sixty acres well cleared, fifteen of which are set with timothy grass, four acres of an apple and peach orchard, with necessary buildings, and an excellent spring—for terms apply to Samuel Ewing esq. living near the premises.

16th Wm. McRYERS.

THIS is to inform the public, that Fulfilling and Dying in his various branches is carried on by the subscriber, in Fayette county near Todd's ferry on the Kentucky river—all those who will please to favour him with their custom, may depend on having their work done in the neatest and best manner and on the shortest notice.

Woolen Cotton or linen thread dyed blue or green.

JOHN McMILLIN. 3d. he takes in cloth at Capt. Sharp's, in Woodford the first Tuesday in every month; also in Lexington at C. & H. Cutner's the second Tuesday in every month.

Woodford September Court of Quarter Sessions 1796.

Ezekiel Haydon & Thomas Haydon, Complainants,

17/ AGAINST

Thomas Jennings & Defendants,

17/ Thomas Allen &c. Defendants,

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Thomas Allen not having entered his appearance, and given security, according to the act of assembly, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this state—on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant, do appear here on the first Tuesday in February next, and answer the bill of the complainant, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and published at the door of the Clear creek meeting house, on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the court house in the town of Versailles.

(Copy.) Telle

Royal. Thomas, D.C.

FROM Mr. Haydon's near Frankfort, on the night of the 17th of last month, a dark bay HORSE, rising 25 hands high, 6 or 7 years old, if any brands I have forgot them, he is on one of his fore legs from his ankle down, very gray, a lump on his back, about the size of a hen egg, occasioned by an old hurt, but now perfectly well.

He trots and canters tolerable well, but when trotting, rises rather low behind, paces some, rises well before, though carries his head low; I am told there was a man passed through Shelbyville, the next morning after the horse was missing, on such a horse, and from the circumstance, I am induced to believe he was on him. If any one will bring the said horse to me in Washington county, or secure him so that I get him, shall be handsomely rewarded, and doubly for the thief.

MATTHEW WALTON.

December 15, 1796.

Wanted to Hire,

SEVERAL ABLE BODIED MEN,

TO WORK IN A

BRICK YARD,

WHO shall receive good treatment

and generous wages.—White

men, or those accustomed to working

in a brick yard will be preferred

Apply to JOHN BOB.

Lexington, Feb. 25.

PUBLIC JAIL.

The Commissioners appointed by

the Court of Fayette county to superintend the building

of a JAIL for the said county and district will

meet at the house of Mr. Morgan in the town of

Lexington, on Tuesday the eleventh day of April

next in order to receive a plan of said jail to such

person as prefer or may incline to undertake the

building.—And on the eighteenth of the same month

they will again meet at the same place in order to

receive proposals, and enter into contract for erecting

said jail agreeably to the plan so presented.

James Trotter,

Leonard Young,

John Parker,

Andrew McCalla,

Comm

March 17.

### Richard Coleman,

THIS method of returning his grateful thanks to his former customers; and begs leave to inform them and the public in general, that he has removed to that commodious house lately occupied by Capt. Walker Baylor, on Short street, in this place; where he will continue to keep good entertainment for man and horse. He would wish to take a few genteel boarders.

31st Lexington, March 6.

### THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVE just received, and are now opening at their Store in Lexington, a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDISE,

WHICH they will sell low for Cash, Hemp,

Wheat, Butter, Hog's Lard, Tobacco,

Tallow and Tar; all which they will give the

lowest price for, at their Store in Lexington

Continuing, E. Winters's Mills at the mouth of

Tate's Creek, or any Ware House on the Ken-

tucky River.

MOODY & DOWNING

December 19, 1796.

### NEW ORLEANS.

THE Subscribers well engaged a number of

Able BODIED MEN, to conduct their Boats to

New Orleans. Liberal wages will be given—

Apply to SAMUEL LEONARD.

A generous price will be given for CASH,

WHEAT, HEMP, and TALLOW, in Mass-

achusetts. Apply as above.

Lexington, November 25.

Woodford September Court of Quarter

Sessions 1796.

John Davis, Complainant,

17/ AGAINST

Spencer & Uriah Defendants,

17/ Humphreys,

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that they are not inhabitants of this state—on the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first Tuesday in February next, and answer the bill of the complainant; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and published at the door of the Clear creek meeting house, on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the court house in the town of Versailles.

(Copy.) Telle

Royal. Thomas, D.C.

Woodford September Court of Quarter

Sessions 1796.

John Jackson, Complainant,

17/ AGAINST

John Briscoe, Defendant,

17/ IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this state—on the motion of the complainant, by his attorney, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next February court, and answer the bill of the complainant; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and published at the Clear creek meeting house, on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the court house in the town of Versailles.

(Copy.) Telle

Royal. Thomas, D.C.

### THE SUBSCRIBER

HAVING engaged a number of men from Philadelphia, in all its different branches, is determined to engage carefully in this business, he will therefore give the highest price for good well chosen HEMP, and TALL, and generous wages to all such JOINT-NEEMEN Rape Makers as can come well recommended for their integrity and industry. He would also wish to take a number of boys, between 15 & 18 years of age, as APPRENTICES to the said business, who shall be well clothed and comfortably boarded in the family of Mr. Dodge the manager, who has come forward highly recommended as a man of character, and perfectly well acquainted with the management of a rope walk, and whose the subscribers have taken into partnership. As this species of manufacture will probably be continued and greatly extended in the western country, and as it is an easy and decent employment, it is hoped that many will be disposed to be instructed in this useful branch of business.

THOMAS HART.

CASH will also be given for a quantity of HEMP SEED of the last year's growth.

March 18, 1797.